## Allied Telesis

# **IE220** Series

## Industrial Ethernet Layer 2+ Switches

The IE220 Series of Industrial Ethernet Layer 2+ switches are built for enduring performance in harsh environments, such as those found in OT networks and outdoor installations

#### **Overview**

Allied Telesis IE220 Series switches are the perfect solution for access connectivity in unconditioned spaces and outside plant. They feature surge immunity on the copper ports to prevent damage from electrical spikes, common in outdoor applications, and are hardened to withstand tough environmental conditions such as wide-ranging temperatures, high humidity, and vibration.

Their low latency, high availability, large PoE capacity, and ability to deliver multiple video streams, makes them the best choice for critical physical security and surveillance applications.

The IE220 Series is ideal for many vertical markets and related applications, such as:

#### Building automation

Facility management including security and access control, fire protection, energy management, heating/ ventilation/air-conditioning, and lighting control.

#### Smart cities

Public space and urban infrastructure that provides safety and security, parking management, environmental metering, lighting, and information kiosks.

## Roadway transportation Adaptive traffic control, telematics, and preventive maintenance.

#### 10 Gigabit uplink connectivity<sup>1</sup>

The IE220 Series SFP ports support 1/10 Gigabit Small-Form Factor Pluggables.

10 Gigabit uplink ports entail valuable and versatile connectivity, where high bandwidth backhauling and scalability is required.

#### PoE++ sourcing<sup>1</sup>

In video surveillance, more advanced solutions all require a powerful camera component. Now that artificial intelligence (AI), machine learning and deep learning have gained prominence, camera hardware is more power hungry: features like PTZ, heater blower, IR, multi-sensor, and analytics at the edge drain power.

The IE220 Series sources standard IEEE 802.3bt PoE++ up to 95W to meet

1 Premium license is required to enable the feature

the demand for high power of devices connected to the network. Backwards compatibility to PoE, PoE+ and Hi-PoE is ensured.

#### **Distinctive PoE features**

PoE power may be allocated dynamically, based on the current usage of each powered device.

The continuous PoE feature allows the switch to be restarted without affecting the supply of power to connected devices.

#### **Network resiliency**

The IE220 Series supports highly stable and reliable ICT network switching, with recovery times down to 10ms.

Choices include Allied Telesis Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™), and the standards-based ITU-T G.8032 -Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS).

For high-availability automation networks based on Ethernet technology, the IE220 may be integrated in networks running Media Redundancy Protocol (MRP) as a Media Redundancy Client (MRC).

#### **Micro-segmentation Security**

Micro-segmentation reduces the attack surface of your OT network and gives granular control of deviceto-device communications. The IE220 Series supports SDN-based microsegmentation solutions for more security, maintainability, and visibility than traditional security models.

## Network automation and orchestration

Powerful automation options include Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework™ Plus (AMF Plus), and open standard-based northbound API.

For easy integration into complex networks comprising physical, virtual, and multi-vendor devices, the IE220 Series feature:

- NETCONF/RESTCONF + YANG data modelling for network automation.
- OpenFlow v1.3 for Software Defined Networking (SDN) orchestration.





## **Key Features**

- ▶ 1/10 Gigabit uplink ports
- Surge immunity for outside plants
- ► AlliedWare Plus<sup>™</sup> operating system
- ► Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework<sup>™</sup> Plus (AMF Plus)
- ▶ OpenFlow v1.3 for SDN
- NETCONF/RESTCONF + YANG data modelling
- ▶ Web-based GUI and CLI management
- QoS with traffic shaping
- Efficient forwarding of multicast streams
- Static routing capability
- Extensive features for cybersecurity and denial of service prevention
- ► Active Fiber Monitoring<sup>TM</sup> (AFM)
- High Availability networking (EPSRing<sup>™</sup>, ITU-T G.8032, MRP client)
- Upstream Forwarding Only (UFO)
- IEEE 802.3bt PoE++ sourcing (up to 95W)
- Dynamic PoE power allocation
- Continuous PoE (CPoE)
- Extended operating temperature range: -40°C to 75°C
- Graceful thermal shutdown
- ▶ Fanless design
- Redundant power inputs
- Protection circuits
- Alarm output
- Certified for plenums

## **Key Features**

#### **Network Automation**

- AMF Plus is a suite of tools providing centralized control and network automation, as well as visual intent-based network management. It has the the intelligence to set-up, optimize, and maintain the network according to predefined goals and policies.
- Powerful features like centralized management, auto backup, auto upgrade, auto provisioning and auto recovery enable plug-and-play networking and zero touch management.
- Integration with our Vista Manager visual monitoring and management platform means AMF Plus also provides intent-based features like:
  - Health monitoring to easily investigate, analyze and improve overall network health.
- Smart ACLs to control and secure the resources that clients use in the network.
- intent-based QoS to deal with network bandwidth contention.
- AMF Plus is scalable and can be either deployed integrated into Allied Telesis equipment, or on multi-tenant cloud architecture.

#### **Northbound Interfaces**

- Open standard-based interfaces are supported to easily integrate with modern management systems.
- NETCONF/RESTCONF with YANG data modelling provide a standardized way to represent data and securely configure devices.
- OpenFlow is a key technology for SDN orchestration. SDN controllers and other tools support automated behavior in a network, and allow customized applications and services to be run.

#### Micro-segmentation for Network Security

- Micro-segmentation enhances converged IT/ OT network security by reducing the number of entry points for attackers or intruders. Isolating applications, data, and endpoints hampers the ability of intruders or malware to move within the network.
- SDN network orchestration enables self-learning Artificial Intelligence to propagate and adapt security policies to mitigate evolving cyber threats.

#### Resiliency

- ► EPSRing<sup>TM</sup> and ITU-T G.8032 ERPS enable a protected ring capable of recovery within as little as 10ms. These features are perfect for high performance and high availability.
- High-availability automation networks are supported with Media Redundancy Protocol (MRP) as defined by IEC62439-2. MRP used in ring networks allows up to 50 devices to have guaranteed and deterministic switchover behavior. The IE220 Series includes the Media Redundancy Client (MRC) functionality. It reacts on the received control frame from the MRP Master, and detect and notify the status change on its ring ports.
- Spanning Tree Protocol compatible RSTP, MSTP, static Link Aggregation Group (LAG), and dynamic Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) feature high availability in star topology.

#### Quality of Service (QoS)

Comprehensive low-latency wire-speed QoS provides flow-based traffic management with full classification, prioritization, traffic shaping and min/max bandwidth profiles. Enjoy boosted network performance and guaranteed delivery of business-critical services and applications.

#### sFlow

sFlow is an industry-standard technology for monitoring high-speed switched networks. It provides complete visibility into network use, enabling performance optimization, usage accounting/billing, and defense against security threats. Sampled packets sent to a collector ensure it always has a real-time view of network traffic.

#### Active Fiber Monitoring (AFM)

Active Fiber Monitoring prevents eavesdropping on fiber communications by monitoring received optical power. If an intrusion is detected, the link can be automatically shut down, or an operator alert can be sent.

#### Link Layer Discovery Protocol – Media Endpoint Discovery (LLDP-MED)

LLDP-MED extends LLDP basic network endpoint discovery and management functions. LLDP-MED allows for media endpoint specific messages, providing detailed information on power equipment, network policy, location discovery (for Emergency Call Services) and inventory.

#### VLAN Mirroring (RSPAN)

VLAN mirroring allows traffic from a port on a remote switch to be analyzed locally. Traffic being transmitted or received on the port is duplicated and sent across the network on a special VLAN.

#### **VLAN Translation**

 VLAN Translation allows traffic arriving on a VLAN to be mapped to a different VLAN on the outgoing paired interface.

#### VLAN Access Control List (ACLs)

 ACLs simplify access and traffic control across entire segments of the network. They can be applied to a VLAN as well as a specific port.

#### Upstream Forwarding Only (UFO)

 UFO lets you manage which ports in a VLAN can communicate with each other, and which only have upstream access to services, for secure multi-user deployment.

#### Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) Snooping

DHCP servers allocate IP addresses to clients, and the switch keeps a record of addresses issued on each port. IP source guard checks against this DHCP snooping database to ensure only clients with specific IP and/or MAC address can access the network. DHCP snooping can be combined with other features, like dynamic ARP inspection, to increase security in Layer 2 switched environments, and also provides a traceable history, which meets the growing legal requirements placed on service providers.

#### Power over Ethernet (PoE)

 With PoE, a separate power connection to media endpoints is not necessary.

PoE provides flexibility and reduced cost by removing the need for a separate power connection to media endpoints. PoE++ supports higher power devices such as advanced security cameras, kiosks, POS terminals, Wi-Fi 6 access points, and LED light fixtures.

The IE220 Series complies with the standard IEEE 802.3bt and maintains the backwards compatibility with previous methods. They feature the following PoE types:

### IEEE 802.3af,

- IEEE 802.3at Type 1 PoE @15.4W
- IEEE 802.3at Type 2 PoE+ @30W
- IEEE 802.3at 4PPoE Hi-PoE @60W
   IEEE 802.0tt Trace 8 Pa5
- IEEE 802.3bt Type 3 PoE++ @60W
   IEEE 802.3bt Type 4 PoE++ @95W

The IE220 Series require the premium software license to enable PoE sourcing higher than 30W per port (Hi-PoE, PoE++).

 You may configure the overall PoE power budget to match the real capabilities of the external Power Supply Unit (PSU).

The PoE power budget may be allocated automatically and dynamically, based on the current usage of each powered device.

If the devices connected to a switch require more power than the switch can deliver, the switch will deny power to some ports, according to the assigned priority.

#### **Continuous PoE**

Continuous PoE allows the switch to be restarted without affecting the supply of power to connected devices. Smart lighting, security cameras, and other PoE devices will continue to operate during a software upgrade on the switch.

#### Alarm Output

Alarm Output are useful for security integration solutions. These respond to events instantly and automatically on a pre-defined event scheme. Alarm Output controls external devices upon an event, for example sirens and strobes.

#### **Alarm Monitoring and Trigger facility**

- The IE220 Series alarm facility monitors the switch and responds to any problems. Examples of alarm events include:
  - Main power supply failure
  - Over-temperature
  - Port link down
  - System power budget exceeded
  - PoE device exceeds port power budget
- Triggers based on alarm events provide a smart mechanism that automatically changes the network configuration to reduce downtime.

#### **Protection Circuits**

- The IE220 Series has optimized protection circuits to guard against the following abnormal conditions:
  - Reverse input voltage polarity
  - Over- and under-voltage
  - Over-current, peak-current and short-circuit
  - Over-temperature

## **Key Features**

#### **Enhanced Thermal Shutdown**

- The Enhanced Thermal Shutdown feature acts to restrict PoE power and services when the switch exceeds the safe operating temperature.
- ► The system restores operation when the temperature returns to acceptable levels.

#### **Dual power inputs**

The redundant power inputs provide higher system reliability and allow UPS emergency power over an extended period of time.

#### Sturdy connectors for PoE++ sourcing @90W

 When unplugging a PoE++ powered device an arc may occur damaging the contact protection of the connector. Once the protective layer is damaged corrosion may continue to weaken the quality of connection. This can result in increased signal attenuation or even total loss of connection.

The IE220 Series are equipped with RJ45 connectors that comply with the unmating (unplugging) under electrical load requirements standard as prescribed by IEC 60512-99-002. This compliance guarantees the level of contact resistance for connectors used for PoE++ 90W power supply.

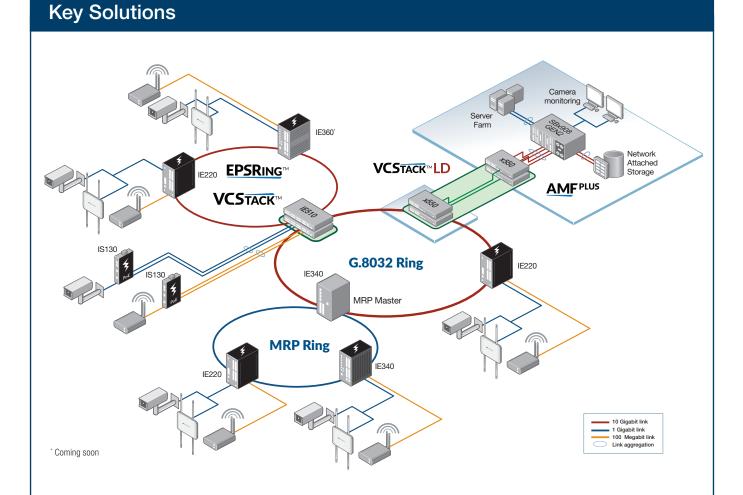
#### Plenum rated

 The IE220 Series is UL 2043 certified for use in plenums, ducts and other space used for environmental air. UL 2043 validates that the IE220 Series characteristics are in accordance with the provisions of the National Electric Code NFPA 70; International Mechanical Code NFPA 5000, and Standard for the Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems NFPA 90A.

#### **Premium Software License**

 By default, the IE220 Series offers a comprehensive feature set that includes 1 Gigabit uplink connectivity and PoE+ power sourcing @30W.

The feature set can easily be upgraded with premium software licenses.



Media Redundancy Protocol (MRP), EPSRing and ERPS (ITU G.8032) provide high-speed resilient ring connectivity. This diagram shows how the IE Series can support a variety of ring network topologies.

The IE Series operates at a wide temperature range, and allows deployment in outdoor and harsh industrial environments. PoE sourcing models support remotely controlled Pan, Tilt and Zoom (PTZ) video cameras, WiFi access points and more.

Management can be automated either with the Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework™ Plus (AMF Plus), or by third party tools via the open standard northbound interface.

### Specifications

PRODUCT	10/100T/1000 (RJ-45) COPPER PORTS	1/10G SFP+ PORTS	TOTAL PORTS	POE ENABLED PORTS	SWITCHING FABRIC	FORWARDING RATE
IE220-6GHX	4	2	6	2 x PoE++, 4 x PoE+	48Gbps	35.7Mpps
IE220-10GHX	8	2	10	4 x PoE++, 8 x PoE+	56Gbps	41.7Mpps

#### Performance

RAM memory	512MB DDR SDRAM			
ROM memory	128MB flash			
MAC address	16K entries			
Packet Buffer	2 MBytes (16 Mbits)			
Priority Queues	8			
Simultaneous VLANs	4K entries			
VLANs ID range	1 - 4094			
Jumbo frames	12KB L2 jumbo frames			
Multicast groups	1,023 (Layer 2)			
Other Interfaces				

Туре	Serial console (UART)				
Port no.	1				
Connector	RJ-45 female				
Type Port no.	USB2.0 (Host Controller Class) 1				
Connector	Type A receptacle				
Туре	Alarm output (1A @30Vdc)				
Port no.	1				
Connector	3-pin terminal block (form-c)				

#### **Flexibility and Compatibility**

► SFP+ ports support any combination of Allied Telesis 1Gbps and 10Gbps SFP modules listed in this document under Ordering Information

#### Reliability

- ▶ Modular AlliedWare Plus<sup>™</sup> operating system
- Protection circuits against abnormal operations
- Redundant power input
- Full environmental monitoring of temperature and internal voltages. SNMP traps alert network managers in case of any failure
- Enhanced thermal shutdown

#### **Diagnostic Tools**

- Active Fiber Monitoring detects tampering on optical links
- Automatic link flap detection and port shutdown
- Built-In Self Test (BIST)
- Cable fault locator (TDR)
- Connectivity Fault Management (CFM), Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) for use with G.8032 ERPS
- ► Event logging via Syslog over IPv4
- Find-me device locator
- Optical Digital Diagnostic Monitoring (DDM)
- ▶ Ping polling and TraceRoute for IPv4 and IPv6
- Port mirroring
  - » No limit on mirrored ports
  - » Up to 4 mirror (analyzer) ports for received traffic
  - » 1 mirror (analyzer) port for transmitted traffic
- VLAN mirroring (RSPAN)
- ▶ sFlow
- TraceRoute for IPv4 and IPv6
- UniDirectional Link Detection (UDLD)

#### **IPv4** Features

Black hole routing

4 | IE220 Series

Static unicast and multicast routes for IPv4

#### **IPv6** Features

- Device management over IPv6 networks with SNMPv6, Telnetv6 and SSHv6
- IPv4 and IPv6 dual stack
- IPv6 hardware ACLs
- Static unicast routing for IPv6

#### Management

- ► Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework<sup>TM</sup> Plus (AMF Plus) node
- NETCONF/RESTCONF northbound interface with YANG data modelling for network automation
- ► OpenFlow v1.3 for network orchestration
- ► Web-based Graphical User Interface (GUI)
- Industry-standard CLI with context-sensitive help
- ► Powerful CLI scripting engine
- Built-in text editor
- Event-based triggers allow user-defined scripts to be executed upon selected system events
- Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)
- Link Layer Discovery Protocol Media Endpoint Discovery (LLDP-MED)
- SNMPv1/v2c/v3 support
- Comprehensive SNMP MIB support for standard based device management
- Console management port on the front panel for ease of access
- Front panel LEDs provide at-a-glance PSU status, PoE status, and fault information
- Eco-friendly mode allows ports and LEDs to be disabled to save power
- USB interface allows software release files, configurations, and other files to be stored for backup and distribution to other devices
- Recessed Reset button

#### **Quality of Service**

- 8 priority queues with a hierarchy of high priority queues for real-time traffic, and mixed scheduling, for each switch port
- Policy and traffic shaping
- Extensive remarking capabilities
- ► IP precedence and DiffServ marking based on Layer 2, 3 and 4 headers
- Limit bandwidth per port or per traffic class down to 64kbps
- Policy-based QoS based on VLAN, port, MAC and general packet classifiers
- Policy-based storm protection
- Strict priority, weighted round robin or mixed scheduling
- ► Taildrop for queue congestion control
- Wirespeed traffic classification with low latency essential for VoIP and real-time streaming media applications

#### **Resiliency Features**

 Control Plane Prioritization (CPP) ensures the CPU always has sufficient bandwidth to process network control traffic

- Dynamic link failover (host attach)
- ► Ethernet Protection Switching Ring (EPSR<sup>TM</sup>) with SuperLoop Prevention (EPSR-SLP<sup>TM</sup>)
- Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ITU-T G.8032 ERPS)
- Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)
- ► Loop protection: loop detection and thrash limiting
- ► Media Redundancy Protocol (IEC62439-2 MRP)
- ► Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP)
- PVST+ compatibility mode
- ► Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)
- ▶ Router Redundancy Protocol (RRP) snooping
- ► Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) root guard
- Continuous Power over Ethernet (CPoE)

#### **Multicasting Features**

- Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMPv1/v2/v3)
- IGMP snooping with fast leave
- IGMP query solicitation
- Multicast Listener Discovery (MLDv1/v2)
- MLDv2 for IPv6
  - MLD snooping
  - IGMP/MLD proxy (multicast forwarding)

#### **Security Features**

- Access Control Lists (ACLs) based on layer 3 and 4 headers
- Auth-fail and guest VLANs
- Configurable ACLs for management traffic
- Authentication, Authorization and Accounting (AAA)
- BPDU protection
- DHCP snooping, IP source guard and Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)

MAC address filtering and MAC address lockdown

Port-based learn limits (intrusion detection)

Strong password security and encryption

▶ TACACS+ authentication and accounting

Generic VLAN Registration Protocol (GVRP)

AlliedTelesis.com

> Tri-authentication: MAC-based, web-based and

Private VLANs and port isolation for multiple

Network Access and Control (NAC) features manage

- DoS attack blocking and virus throttling
- Dynamic VLAN assignment
   HTTP over TLS (HTTPS)

endpoint security

Secure Copy (SCP)

IEEE 802.1X

Voice VLANVLAN translation

Virtual LAN Features

Upstream Forwarding Only (UFO)

Password protected bootloader

customers using the same VLAN

## IE220 Series | Industrial Ethernet Layer 2+ Switches

#### Services

- ▶ Domain Name System (DNS) client
- ► Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) client
- ► HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP/1.1)
- ▶ Network Time Protocol (NTPv4) for IPv4 and IPv6
- Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)
- Secure Shell (SSHv2/v3)
- ▶ TELNET
- ► Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)

#### **Environmental Specifications**

Operating temp. <sup>2</sup>	-40°C to 75°C (-4
Storage temp.	-40°C to 85°C (-4
Operating humidity	5% to 95% non-c
Storage humidity	5% to 95% non-c
Operating altitude	up to 3,000 m maxir

40°F to 167°F) 40°F to 185°F) condensing condensing mum (9.843 ft)

#### Mechanical

EN 50021, EN 60715 Standardized mounting on rails

#### Warranty

► Five-year limited hardware warranty. Refer to the Term & Policies page on the Allied Telesis web site.

COMPLIANCE	
Compliance Mark	CE, FCC, ICES, RCM, TEC⁴, UKCA, UL, VCCI
Environmental Compliance	RoHS, China-RoHS, JGSSI, REACH, SCIP, TSCA, WEEE
Safety <sup>2</sup>	IEC 60950-22 AS/NZS 62368-1 CSA/UL 62368-1 EN/IEC/UL 62368-1
Electromagnetic Immunity	EN 55035
Harmonic current emission	EN/IEC 61000-3-23
Voltage fluctuation and flicker	EN/IEC 61000-3-33
Electrostatic discharge (ESD)	EN/IEC 61000-4-2
Radiated susceptibility (RS)	EN/IEC 61000-4-3
Electrical fast transient (EFT)	EN/IEC 61000-4-4
Lighting/surge immunity (Surge)	EN/IEC 61000-4-5, installation class 3 for outdoor
Conducted immunity (CS)	EN/IEC 61000-4-6
Power frequency magnetic fields	EN/IEC 61000-4-8
AC voltage dips and interruption	EN/IEC 61000-4-113
DC voltage dips and Interruption	EN/IEC 61000-4-29
Electromagnetic Emissions	AS/NZS CISPR 32, class A CISPR 32, class A EN 55032, class A FCC 47 CFR Part 15, subpart B, class A ICES 003 class A VCCI class A
Industry	
Traffic controller assemblies	NEMA TS 2
Installation in air-handling space	UL 2043
Freefall	IEC60068-2-31
Shock	IEC60068-2-27
Vibration	IEC60068-2-6
Connector unmating endurance	IEC 60512-99-002, under PoE++ electrical load

2 Refer to the Installation Guide for more details on the safety approved power ratings and thermal conditions

<sup>3</sup> Test was applied using the power supply AT-IE048-480-20.

<sup>4</sup> Certification/test in progress.

#### **Physical Specifications**

PRODUCT	WIDTH X DEPTH X HEIGHT	WEIGHT	ENCLOSURE	MOUNTING	PROTECTION RATE
IE220-6GHX	65 x 137 x 155 mm (2.56 x 5.39 x 6.12 in)	DIN rail: 1.57 kg (3.46 lbs) Wall mount: 1.45 kg (3.20 lbs)	Aluminium/Sheet Metal shell	DIN rail, wall mount	IP30
IE220-10GHX	65 x 137 x 155 mm (2.56 x 5.39 x 6.12 in)	DIN rail: 1.60 kg (3.53 lbs) Wall mount: 1.49 kg (3.28 lbs)	Aluminium/Sheet Metal shell	DIN rail, wall mount	IP30

#### **Power Characteristics**

				NO POE LOAD		FULL POE LOAD <sup>6</sup>		
PRODUCT	INPUT VOLTAGE⁵	COOLING	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE
IE220-6GHX	37~57V DC	fanless	17.4W	59.5 BTU/hr	-	204W	80.3 BTU/hr	-
IE220-10GHX	37~57V DC	fanless	18.5W	63.3 BTU/hr	-	266W	87.7 BTU/hr	-

#### **Power over Ethernet Sourcing Characteristics**

PRODUCT	ENABLED POE PORTS			MAX POE POWER	MAX POE SOURCING PORTS			
PRODUCI	P0E+	HI-POE	P0E++	BUDGET <sup>7</sup>	P0E+ (30W)	HI-POE (60W)	P0E++ (60W)	P0E++ (90W)
IE220-6GHX	4	2	2	180W	4	2	2	2
IE220-10GHX	8	4	4	240W	8	4	4	2

<sup>5</sup> PoE sourcing equipment requires:

48Vdc to enable IEEE802.3at Type 1 (PoE).

54Vdc to enable IEEE802.3at Type 2 (PoE+), IEEE802.3bt Type 3 (PoE++) and IEEE802.3bt Type 4 (PoE++).

<sup>6</sup> The Max Power consumption at full PoE load includes the powered device's consumption and margin. The cooling requirements of the switch are smaller than the power draw, because most of the load is dissipated at the PoE powered device and along the cabling. Use these wattage and BTU ratings for facility capacity planning.

<sup>7</sup> The PoE power budget is shared among all ports; we recommend configuring the dynamic PoE power allocation to optimize the power distribution

#### **NETWORK SMARTER**

### Standards and Protocols

**AlliedWare Plus Operating System** Version 5.5.5

#### Authentication

RFC 1321 MD5 Message-Digest algorithm RFC 1828 IP authentication using keyed MD5

#### **Encryption (Management Traffic Only)**

FIPS 180-1 Secure Hash standard (SHA-1)

FIPS 186 Digital signature standard (RSA) Data Encryption Standard (DES and 3DES) FIPS 46-3

### IE220 Series | Industrial Ethernet Layer 2+ Switches

IEEE 802.2 Logical Link Control (LLC) IEEE 802.3a Ethernet IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-T IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-T IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet (PoE) IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet (PoE+) IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet (PoE++) IEEE 802.3at IO00BASE-X IEEE 802 Internet Protocol (IDP) RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) RFC 826 Broadcasting Internet datagrams over Ethernet networks RFC 932 Subnetwork addressing scheme RFC 953 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets RFC 951 Bootstrap Protocol (BootP) RFC 1027 Proxy ARP RFC 1035 DNS client RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks RFC 1071 Computing the Internet checksum RFC 1122 Internet host requirements RFC 1131 Path MTU discovery RFC 1256 ICMP router discovery messages RFC 1518 An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) RFC 1526 ICMP router discovery messages RFC 1518 An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR RFC 1519 Domain Name System (DNS) RFC 1812 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1918 IP addressing RFC 2581 TCP congestion control	Ethernet							
IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-T IEEE 802.3ae 10 Gigabit Ethernet IEEE 802.3af Power over Ethernet (PoE) IEEE 802.3az Power over Ethernet (PoE+) IEEE 802.3az Dower over Ethernet (PoE++) IEEE 802.3bt Power over Ethernet (PoE++) IEEE 802.3ct 1000BASE-X IEEE 802.3ct 1000BASE-X IPV4 Features RFC 768 User Datagram Protocol (UDP) RFC 791 Internet Protocol (IDP) RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) RFC 793 Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (TCP) RFC 827 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet networks RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams net Ethernet networks RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets RFC 922 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets RFC 932 Subnetwork addressing scheme RFC 950 Internet standard subnetting procedure RFC 951 Bootstrap Protocol (BootP) RFC 1035 DNS client RFC 1035 DNS client RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks RFC 1011 Computing the Internet checksum RFC 1122 Internet host requirements RFC 1121 Internet host requirements RFC 1122 Internet host requirements RFC 1131 Path MTU discovery RFC 1540 CLMP router discovery messages RFC 1518 An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) RFC 1542 Clarifications and extensions for BootP RFC 1519 Domain Name System (DNS) RFC 1512 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1513 IP addressing RFC 2581 TCP congestion control <b>IPv6 Features</b>	IEEE 802.2	Logical Link Control (LLC)						
IEEE 802.3ae 10 Gigabit Ethernet IEEE 802.3af Power over Ethernet (PoE) IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet (PoE+) IEEE 802.3az Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) IEEE 802.3bt Power over Ethernet (PoE++) IEEE 802.3bt Power over Ethernet (PoE++) IEEE 802.3bt Power over Ethernet (PoE++) IEEE 802.3c 1000BASE-X IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X IPV4 Features RFC 768 User Datagram Protocol (UDP) RFC 791 Internet Protocol (IDP) RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) RFC 793 Transmission Control Protocol (ICMP) RFC 804 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet networks RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams NFC 922 Broadcasting Internet datagrams RFC 923 Subnetwork addressing scheme RFC 950 Internet standard subnetting procedure RFC 951 Bootstrap Protocol (BootP) RFC 1027 Proxy ARP RFC 1035 DNS client RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks RFC 1014 Computing the Internet checksum RFC 1122 Internet host requirements RFC 1124 Internet Host requirements RFC 1125 ICMP router discovery messages RFC 1518 An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) RFC 1524 Clarifications and extensions for BootP RFC 1519 Domain Name System (DNS) RFC 1812 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1918 IP addressing RFC 2581 TCP congestion control	IEEE 802.3	Ethernet						
IEEE 802.3af Power over Ethernet (PoE) IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet (PoE+) IEEE 802.3az Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) IEEE 802.3az Io00BASE-X IEEE 802.3az Io00BASE-X IEEE 802.3az Io00BASE-X IEEE 802.3az Io00BASE-X IEEE 802.3az Io00BASE-X IPV4 Features RFC 768 User Datagram Protocol (UDP) RFC 791 Internet Protocol (IDP) RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) RFC 804 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet networks RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams over Ethernet networks RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams net Ethernet networks RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams RFC 922 Broadcasting Internet datagrams RFC 933 Subnetwork addressing scheme RFC 950 Internet standard subnetting procedure RFC 951 Bootstrap Protocol (BootP) RFC 1035 DNS client RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks RFC 1014 Computing the Internet checksum RFC 1012 Internet discovery RFC 1122 Internet discovery messages RFC 1121 Path MTU discovery RFC 1226 ICMP router discovery messages RFC 1518 An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) RFC 1524 Clarifications and extensions for BootP RFC 1519 Domain Name System (DNS) RFC 1812 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1918 IP addressing RFC 2581 TCP congestion control	IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-T							
IEEE 802.3af Power over Ethernet (PoE) IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet (PoE+) IEEE 802.3az Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) IEEE 802.3az Io00BASE-X IEEE 802.3az Io00BASE-X IEEE 802.3az Io00BASE-X IEEE 802.3az Io00BASE-X IEEE 802.3az Io00BASE-X IPV4 Features RFC 768 User Datagram Protocol (UDP) RFC 791 Internet Protocol (IDP) RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) RFC 804 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet networks RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams over Ethernet networks RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams net Ethernet networks RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams RFC 922 Broadcasting Internet datagrams RFC 933 Subnetwork addressing scheme RFC 950 Internet standard subnetting procedure RFC 951 Bootstrap Protocol (BootP) RFC 1035 DNS client RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks RFC 1014 Computing the Internet checksum RFC 1012 Internet discovery RFC 1122 Internet discovery messages RFC 1121 Path MTU discovery RFC 1226 ICMP router discovery messages RFC 1518 An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) RFC 1524 Clarifications and extensions for BootP RFC 1519 Domain Name System (DNS) RFC 1812 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1918 IP addressing RFC 2581 TCP congestion control	IEEE 802.3ae	e10 Gigabit Ethernet						
IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet (PoE+) IEEE 802.3azEnergy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) IEEE 802.3az Energy Efficient Ethernet (PoE++) IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet (PoE++) IEEE 802.3az 1000BASE-X IEEE 802.3az 1000BASE-X IEEE 802.3az 1000BASE-X IPv4 Features RFC 768 User Datagram Protocol (UDP) RFC 791 Internet Protocol (IP) RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) RFC 793 Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (TCP) RFC 844 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet networks RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams over Ethernet networks RFC 912 Internet standard subnetting procedure RFC 923 Subnetwork addressing scheme RFC 950 Internet standard subnetting procedure RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks RFC 1071 Computing the Internet checksum RFC 1122 Internet host requirements RFC 1122 Internet host requirements RFC 1191 Path MTU discovery RFC 1256 ICMP router discovery messages RFC 1518 An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) RFC 1542 Clarifications and extensions for BootP RFC 1511 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1512 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1513 IP addressing RFC 2581 TCP congestion control <b>IPv6 Features</b>		-						
IEEE 802.3az Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) IEEE 802.3bt Power over Ethernet (PoE++) IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-X IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X IPV4 Features RFC 768 User Datagram Protocol (UDP) RFC 791 Internet Protocol (IP) RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) RFC 793 Transmission Control Protocol (ARP) RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) RFC 844 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet networks RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams networks RFC 912 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet networks RFC 913 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets RFC 922 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets RFC 950 Internet standard subnetting procedure RFC 950 Internet standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks RFC 1012 Computing the Internet checksum RFC 1152 Internet host requirements RFC 1151 Computing the Internet checksum RFC 1152 Internet host requirements RFC 1151 Path MTU discovery RFC 1526 ICMP router discovery messages RFC 1518 An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) RFC 1542 Clarifications and extensions for BootP RFC 1514 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1515 IP addressing RFC 1518 IP addressing RFC 1518 IP addressing RFC 2581 TCP congestion control								
IEEE 802.3bt Power over Ethernet (PoE++) IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-X IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X IPv4 Features RFC 768 User Datagram Protocol (UDP) RFC 791 Internet Protocol (IP) RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) RFC 793 Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) RFC 894 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet networks RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams RFC 922 Broadcasting Internet datagrams RFC 932 Subnetwork addressing scheme RFC 950 Internet standard subnetting procedure RFC 951 Bootstrap Protocol (BotP) RFC 1027 Proxy ARP RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks RFC 1012 Omputing the Internet checksum RFC 1122 Internet host requirements RFC 1122 Internet host requirements RFC 1130 AAM TU discovery RFC 1151 Computing the Internet checksum RFC 1152 Internet for IP address allocation with CIDR RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) RFC 1512 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1514 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1515 IP Path Mare Stem (DNS) RFC 1512 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1513 IP addressing RFC 1514 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1515 IP Pathress IPv6 Features								
IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-X IEEE 802.3x Flow control - full-duplex operation IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X IPv4 Features RFC 768 User Datagram Protocol (UDP) RFC 791 Internet Protocol (IP) RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) RFC 793 Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) RFC 894 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet networks RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams RFC 922 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets RFC 950 Internet standard subnetting procedure RFC 951 Bootstrap Protocol (BotP) RFC 1027 Proxy ARP RFC 1035 DNS client RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks RFC 1121 Internet host requirements RFC 1122 Internet host requirements RFC 1126 ICMP router discovery messages RFC 1518 An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) RFC 1512 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1513 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1514 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1519 IDomain Name System (DNS) RFC 1518 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1518 IP addressing RFC 1519 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1519 IP addressing RFC 1519 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1518 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1519 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1519 Requirements for IPv4 routers								
IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X <b>IPv4 Features</b> RFC 768 User Datagram Protocol (UDP) RFC 791 Internet Protocol (IP) RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) RFC 792 Internet Control Protocol (TCP) RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) RFC 894 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet networks RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets RFC 922 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets RFC 932 Subnetwork addressing scheme RFC 950 Internet standard subnetting procedure RFC 1012 Proxy ARP RFC 1035 DNS client RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks RFC 1071 Computing the Internet checksum RFC 1122 Internet host requirements RFC 1122 Internet host requirements RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) RFC 1542 Clarifications and extensions for BootP RFC 1551 Domain Name System (DNS) RFC 1812 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1918 IP addressing RFC 2581 TCP congestion control <b>IPv6 Features</b>		· /						
IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X <b>IPv4 Features</b> RFC 768 User Datagram Protocol (UDP) RFC 791 Internet Protocol (IP) RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) RFC 792 Internet Control Protocol (TCP) RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) RFC 894 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet networks RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets RFC 922 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets RFC 932 Subnetwork addressing scheme RFC 950 Internet standard subnetting procedure RFC 1012 Proxy ARP RFC 1035 DNS client RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks RFC 1071 Computing the Internet checksum RFC 1122 Internet host requirements RFC 1122 Internet host requirements RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) RFC 1542 Clarifications and extensions for BootP RFC 1551 Domain Name System (DNS) RFC 1812 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1918 IP addressing RFC 2581 TCP congestion control <b>IPv6 Features</b>	IEEE 802.3x	Flow control - full-duplex operation						
<ul> <li>RFC 768 User Datagram Protocol (UDP)</li> <li>RFC 791 Internet Protocol (IP)</li> <li>RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)</li> <li>RFC 793 Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)</li> <li>RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)</li> <li>RFC 894 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet networks</li> <li>RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets</li> <li>RFC 922 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets</li> <li>RFC 932 Subnetwork addressing scheme</li> <li>RFC 950 Internet standard subnetting procedure</li> <li>RFC 951 Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)</li> <li>RFC 1027 Proxy ARP</li> <li>RFC 1035 DNS client</li> <li>RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks</li> <li>RFC 1121 Internet host requirements</li> <li>RFC 1122 Internet host requirements</li> <li>RFC 1126 ICMP router discovery messages</li> <li>RFC 1518 An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR</li> <li>RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)</li> <li>RFC 1512 Requirements for IPv4 routers</li> <li>RFC 1513 IP addressing</li> <li>RFC 1514 Requirements for IPv4 routers</li> <li>RFC 1514 Requirements for IPv4 routers</li> <li>RFC 1518 Requirements for IPv4 routers</li> <li>RFC 1519 IP addressing</li> <li>RFC 1519 Requirements for IPv4 routers</li> <li>RFC 1519 Repartments for IPv4 routers</li> <li>RFC 1519 Requirements for IPv4 routers</li> <li>RFC 1519 Repartments for IPv4 routers</li> <li>RFC 1518 Repartments for IPv4 routers</li> <li>RFC 1519 Repartments for IPv4 routers</li> </ul>								
<ul> <li>RFC 791 Internet Protocol (IP)</li> <li>RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)</li> <li>RFC 793 Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)</li> <li>RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)</li> <li>RFC 842 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet networks</li> <li>RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets</li> <li>RFC 922 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets</li> <li>RFC 932 Subnetwork addressing scheme</li> <li>RFC 950 Internet standard subnetting procedure</li> <li>RFC 951 Bootstrap Protocol (BotP)</li> <li>RFC 1027 Proxy ARP</li> <li>RFC 1035 DNS client</li> <li>RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks</li> <li>RFC 1071 Computing the Internet checksum</li> <li>RFC 1122 Internet host requirements</li> <li>RFC 1126 ICMP router discovery messages</li> <li>RFC 1518 An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR</li> <li>RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)</li> <li>RFC 1512 Requirements for IPv4 routers</li> <li>RFC 1918 IP addressing</li> <l< td=""><td>IPv4 Fea</td><td>tures</td></l<></ul>	IPv4 Fea	tures						
<ul> <li>RFC 791 Internet Protocol (IP)</li> <li>RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)</li> <li>RFC 793 Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)</li> <li>RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)</li> <li>RFC 842 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet networks</li> <li>RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets</li> <li>RFC 922 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets</li> <li>RFC 932 Subnetwork addressing scheme</li> <li>RFC 950 Internet standard subnetting procedure</li> <li>RFC 951 Bootstrap Protocol (BotP)</li> <li>RFC 1027 Proxy ARP</li> <li>RFC 1035 DNS client</li> <li>RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks</li> <li>RFC 1071 Computing the Internet checksum</li> <li>RFC 1122 Internet host requirements</li> <li>RFC 1126 ICMP router discovery messages</li> <li>RFC 1518 An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR</li> <li>RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)</li> <li>RFC 1512 Requirements for IPv4 routers</li> <li>RFC 1918 IP addressing</li> <l< td=""><td>RFC 768</td><td>User Datagram Protocol (UDP)</td></l<></ul>	RFC 768	User Datagram Protocol (UDP)						
<ul> <li>RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)</li> <li>RFC 793 Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)</li> <li>RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)</li> <li>RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)</li> <li>RFC 894 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet networks</li> <li>RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets</li> <li>RFC 932 Subnetwork addressing scheme</li> <li>RFC 950 Internet standard subnetting procedure</li> <li>RFC 951 Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)</li> <li>RFC 1027 Proxy ARP</li> <li>RFC 1027 Droxy ARP</li> <li>RFC 1025 DNS client</li> <li>RFC 1021 Computing the Internet checksum</li> <li>RFC 1122 Internet host requirements</li> <li>RFC 1122 Internet host requirements</li> <li>RFC 1126 ICMP router discovery</li> <li>RFC 1518 An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR</li> <li>RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)</li> <li>RFC 1521 Requirements for IPv4 routers</li> <li>RFC 1521 Domain Name System (DNS)</li> <li>RFC 1928 ITCP congestion control</li> <li>IPv6 Features</li> </ul>		÷ , ,						
<ul> <li>RFC 793 Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)</li> <li>RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)</li> <li>RFC 894 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet networks</li> <li>RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets</li> <li>RFC 922 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets</li> <li>RFC 932 Subnetwork addressing scheme</li> <li>RFC 951 Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)</li> <li>RFC 1027 Proxy ARP</li> <li>RFC 1035 DNS client</li> <li>RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks</li> <li>RFC 1071 Computing the Internet checksum</li> <li>RFC 1122 Internet host requirements</li> <li>RFC 1126 ICMP router discovery</li> <li>RFC 1518 An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR</li> <li>RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)</li> <li>RFC 1524 Clarifications and extensions for BootP</li> <li>RFC 1512 Requirements for IPv4 routers</li> <li>RFC 1918 IP addressing</li> <li>RFC 19</li></ul>	RFC 792							
<ul> <li>RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)</li> <li>RFC 894 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet networks</li> <li>RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams</li> <li>RFC 922 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets</li> <li>RFC 932 Subnetwork addressing scheme</li> <li>RFC 950 Internet standard subnetting procedure</li> <li>RFC 950 Internet standard subnetting procedure</li> <li>RFC 950 Internet standard subnetting procedure</li> <li>RFC 1027 Proxy ARP</li> <li>RFC 1035 DNS client</li> <li>RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks</li> <li>RFC 1071 Computing the Internet checksum</li> <li>RFC 1121 Internet host requirements</li> <li>RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)</li> <li>RFC 1524 Clarifications and extensions for BootP</li> <li>RFC 1519 Domain Name System (DNS)</li> <li>RFC 1918 IP addressing</li> <li>RFC 2581 TCP congestion control</li> <li>IPv6 Features</li> </ul>								
<ul> <li>RFC 894 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet networks</li> <li>RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams</li> <li>RFC 922 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets</li> <li>RFC 932 Subnetwork addressing scheme</li> <li>RFC 932 Subnetwork addressing scheme</li> <li>RFC 930 Internet standard subnetting procedure</li> <li>RFC 950 Internet standard subnetting procedure</li> <li>RFC 951 Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)</li> <li>RFC 1035 DNS client</li> <li>RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks</li> <li>RFC 1071 Computing the Internet checksum</li> <li>RFC 1121 Internet host requirements</li> <li>RFC 1125 ICMP router discovery messages</li> <li>RFC 1518 An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR</li> <li>RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)</li> <li>RFC 1524 Clarifications and extensions for BootP</li> <li>RFC 1512 Requirements for IPv4 routers</li> <li>RFC 1918 IP addressing</li> <l< td=""><td></td><td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td></l<></ul>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
over Ethernet networks           RFC 919         Broadcasting Internet datagrams           RFC 922         Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets           RFC 932         Subnetwork addressing scheme           RFC 932         Subnetwork addressing scheme           RFC 932         Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)           RFC 1035         DNS client           RFC 1042         Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks           RFC 1071         Computing the Internet checksum           RFC 1122         Internet host requirements           RFC 1256         ICMP router discovery messages           RFC 1518         An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR           RFC 1519         Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)           RFC 1524         Clarifications and extensions for BootP           RFC 1512         Requirements for IPv4 routers           RFC 1518         IP addressing	RFC 894							
RFC 922     Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets       RFC 932     Subnetwork addressing scheme       RFC 950     Internet standard subnetting procedure       RFC 951     Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)       RFC 1027     Proxy ARP       RFC 1035     DNS client       RFC 1042     Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks       RFC 1071     Computing the Internet checksum       RFC 1122     Internet host requirements       RFC 1126     ICMP router discovery messages       RFC 1518     An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR       RFC 1519     Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)       RFC 1512     Requirements for IPv4 routers       RFC 1513     Requirements for IPv4 routers       RFC 1514     Clarifications and extensions for BootP       RFC 1515     Domain Name System (DNS)       RFC 1518     IP addressing       RFC 1518     IP addressing       RFC 1518     ICP congestion control		over Ethernet networks						
presence of subnets           RFC 932         Subnetwork addressing scheme           RFC 950         Internet standard subnetting procedure           RFC 950         Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)           RFC 1027         Proxy ARP           RFC 1035         DNS client           RFC 1042         Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks           RFC 1071         Computing the Internet checksum           RFC 1122         Internet host requirements           RFC 1124         Internet host requirements           RFC 1125         ICMP router discovery           RFC 1518         An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR           RFC 1519         Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)           RFC 1512         Clarifications and extensions for BootP           RFC 1514         Requirements for IPv4 routers           RFC 1515         IP addressing           RFC 1518         IP addressing           RFC 1518         ICP congestion control           IPv6 Features         IV	RFC 919	Broadcasting Internet datagrams						
RFC 932       Subnetwork addressing scheme         RFC 950       Internet standard subnetting procedure         RFC 951       Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)         RFC 1027       Proxy ARP         RFC 1035       DNS client         RFC 1042       Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks         RFC 1011       Computing the Internet checksum         RFC 1122       Internet host requirements         RFC 1124       Internet host requirements         RFC 1519       Path MTU discovery         RFC 1518       An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR         RFC 1519       Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)         RFC 1519       Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)         RFC 1519       Domain Name System (DNS)         RFC 1518       Requirements for IPv4 routers         RFC 1518       IP addressing         RFC 1518       ICP congestion control         IPv6 Features       IPv6 Features	RFC 922	Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the						
RFC 950       Internet standard subnetting procedure         RFC 951       Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)         RFC 1027       Proxy ARP         RFC 1035       DNS client         RFC 1042       Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks         RFC 1011       Computing the Internet checksum         RFC 1122       Internet host requirements         RFC 1126       ICMP router discovery         RFC 1518       An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR         RFC 1519       Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)         RFC 1524       Clarifications and extensions for BootP         RFC 1591       Domain Name System (DNS)         RFC 1518       IP addressing         RFC 1519       IP Addressing		presence of subnets						
<ul> <li>RFC 951 Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)</li> <li>RFC 1027 Proxy ARP</li> <li>RFC 1035 DNS client</li> <li>RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks</li> <li>RFC 1071 Computing the Internet checksum</li> <li>RFC 1122 Internet host requirements</li> <li>RFC 1121 Path MTU discovery</li> <li>RFC 1256 ICMP router discovery messages</li> <li>RFC 1518 An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR</li> <li>RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)</li> <li>RFC 1551 Domain Name System (DNS)</li> <li>RFC 1512 Requirements for IPv4 routers</li> <li>RFC 1918 IP addressing</li> <li>RFC 2581 TCP congestion control</li> <li>IPv6 Features</li> </ul>	RFC 932	Subnetwork addressing scheme						
RFC 1027       Proxy ARP         RFC 1035       DNS client         RFC 1042       Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks         RFC 1042       Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks         RFC 1042       Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks         RFC 1071       Computing the Internet checksum         RFC 1122       Internet host requirements         RFC 1191       Path MTU discovery         RFC 1256       ICMP router discovery messages         RFC 1518       An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR         RFC 1519       Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)         RFC 1524       Clarifications and extensions for BootP         RFC 1519       Domain Name System (DNS)         RFC 1518       Requirements for IPv4 routers         RFC 1518       IP addressing         RFC 2581       TCP congestion control         IPv6 Features       IPv6 Features	RFC 950	Internet standard subnetting procedure						
RFC 1035     DNS client       RFC 1042     Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks       RFC 1071     Computing the Internet checksum       RFC 1122     Internet host requirements       RFC 1121     Path MTU discovery       RFC 1256     ICMP router discovery messages       RFC 1518     An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR       RFC 1519     Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)       RFC 1524     Clarifications and extensions for BootP       RFC 1512     Requirements for IPv4 routers       RFC 1518     IP addressing       RFC 1518     ICP congestion control	RFC 951	Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)						
RFC 1042     Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks       RFC 1071     Computing the Internet checksum       RFC 1122     Internet host requirements       RFC 1191     Path MTU discovery       RFC 1526     ICMP router discovery messages       RFC 1518     An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR       RFC 1519     Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)       RFC 1524     Clarifications and extensions for BootP       RFC 1512     Requirements for IPv4 routers       RFC 1918     IP addressing       RFC 2581     TCP congestion control								
over IEEE 802 networks RFC 1071 Computing the Internet checksum RFC 1122 Internet host requirements RFC 1191 Path MTU discovery RFC 1256 ICMP router discovery messages RFC 1518 An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) RFC 1542 Clarifications and extensions for BootP RFC 1591 Domain Name System (DNS) RFC 1812 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1918 IP addressing RFC 2581 TCP congestion control <b>IPv6 Features</b>								
RFC 1071       Computing the Internet checksum         RFC 1122       Internet host requirements         RFC 1124       Path MTU discovery         RFC 1256       ICMP router discovery messages         RFC 1518       An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR         RFC 1519       Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)         RFC 1522       Clarifications and extensions for BootP         RFC 1519       Domain Name System (DNS)         RFC 1518       IP addressing         RFC 1518       IP addressing         RFC 2581       TCP congestion control	RFC 1042							
RFC 1122       Internet host requirements         RFC 1191       Path MTU discovery         RFC 1256       ICMP router discovery messages         RFC 1518       An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR         RFC 1519       Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)         RFC 1522       Clarifications and extensions for BootP         RFC 1519       Domain Name System (DNS)         RFC 1518       IP addressing         RFC 1518       IP addressing         RFC 2581       TCP congestion control         IPv6 Features       Image: Control	DEC 1071							
RFC 1191     Path MTU discovery       RFC 1256     ICMP router discovery messages       RFC 1518     An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR       RFC 1519     Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)       RFC 1522     Clarifications and extensions for BootP       RFC 1519     Domain Name System (DNS)       RFC 1512     Requirements for IPv4 routers       RFC 1918     IP addressing       RFC 2581     TCP congestion control								
RFC 1256       ICMP router discovery messages         RFC 1518       An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR         RFC 1519       Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)         RFC 1542       Clarifications and extensions for BootP         RFC 1591       Domain Name System (DNS)         RFC 1512       Requirements for IPv4 routers         RFC 1918       IP addressing         RFC 2581       TCP congestion control         IPv6 Features								
RFC 1518     An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR       RFC 1519     Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)       RFC 1542     Clarifications and extensions for BootP       RFC 1591     Domain Name System (DNS)       RFC 1512     Requirements for IPv4 routers       RFC 1918     IP addressing       RFC 2581     TCP congestion control		3						
CIDR RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) RFC 1542 Clarifications and extensions for BootP RFC 1591 Domain Name System (DNS) RFC 1812 Requirements for IPv4 routers RFC 1918 IP addressing RFC 2581 TCP congestion control IPv6 Features								
RFC 1542       Clarifications and extensions for BootP         RFC 1591       Domain Name System (DNS)         RFC 1812       Requirements for IPv4 routers         RFC 1918       IP addressing         RFC 2581       TCP congestion control         IPv6 Features	110 1010							
RFC 1591     Domain Name System (DNS)       RFC 1812     Requirements for IPv4 routers       RFC 1918     IP addressing       RFC 2581     TCP congestion control	RFC 1519	Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)						
RFC 1812     Requirements for IPv4 routers       RFC 1918     IP addressing       RFC 2581     TCP congestion control       IPv6 Features	RFC 1542	Clarifications and extensions for BootP						
RFC 1918     IP addressing       RFC 2581     TCP congestion control       IPv6 Features	RFC 1591	Domain Name System (DNS)						
RFC 2581 TCP congestion control IPv6 Features								
IPv6 Features	RFC 1918	0						
	RFC 2581	TCP congestion control						
RFC 1981 Path MTU discovery for IPv6	IPv6 Fea	tures						
	RFC 1981	Path MTU discovery for IPv6						

111 0 1501	
RFC 2460	IPv6 specification
RFC 2464	Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet
	networks
RFC 3484	Default address selection for IPv6
RFC 3587	IPv6 global unicast address format
RFC 3596	DNS extensions to support IPv6
RFC 4007	IPv6 scoped address architecture
RFC 4193	Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses
RFC 4213	Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and
	routers
RFC 4291	IPv6 addressing architecture
RFC 4443	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6)
RFC 4861	Neighbor discovery for IPv6
RFC 4862	IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration
	(SLAAC)
RFC 5014	IPv6 socket API for source address selection
RFC 5095	Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6
RFC 5175	IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) flags option
RFC 6105	IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) guard

#### Management

AT Enterprise MIB including AMF Plus MIB and traps Optical DDM MIB SNMPv1, v2c and v3 ANSI/TIA-1057 Link Layer Discovery Protocol-Media Endpoint Discovery (LLDP-MED)

- IEEE 802.1AB Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) RFC 1155 Structure and identification of management
- information for TCP/IP-based Internets RFC 1157 Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)
- RFC 1212 Concise MIB definitions
- RFC 1213 MIB for network management of TCP/IP-based Internets: MIB-II

RFC 1215	Convention for defining traps for use with the
	SNMP
RFC 1227	SNMP MUX protocol and MIB
RFC 1239	Standard MIB
RFC 2011	SNMPv2 MIB for IP using SMIv2
RFC 2012	SNMPv2 MIB for TCP using SMIv2
RFC 2013	SNMPv2 MIB for UDP using SMIv2
RFC 2578	Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2)
RFC 2579	Textual conventions for SMIv2
RFC 2580	Conformance statements for SMIv2
RFC 2674	Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions
RFC 2741	Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol
RFC 2741 RFC 2819	RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9)
RFC 2863	Interfaces group MIB
RFC 3176	sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in
	switched and routed networks
RFC 3411	An architecture for describing SNMP
	management frameworks
RFC 3412	Message processing and dispatching for the SNMP
RFC 3413	SNMP applications
RFC 3414	User-based Security Model (USM) for SNMPv3
RFC 3415	View-based Access Control Model (VACM) for SNMP
RFC 3416	Version 2 of the protocol operations for the SNMP
RFC 3417	Transport mappings for the SNMP
RFC 3418	MIB for SNMP
RFC 3621	Power over Ethernet (PoE) MIB
RFC 3635	Definitions of managed objects for the
	Ethernet-like interface types
RFC 3636	IEEE 802.3 MAU MIB
RFC 4022	MIB for the Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)
RFC 4113	MIB for the User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
RFC 4188	Definitions of managed objects for bridges
RFC 4292	IP forwarding table MIB
RFC 4293	MIB for the Internet Protocol (IP)
RFC 4318	Definitions of managed objects for bridges with RSTP
RFC 4560	Definitions of managed objects for remote ping, traceroute and lookup operations
RFC 5424	The Syslog protocol

#### **Multicast Support**

RFC 2597

RFC 2697

RFC 3246

manouoroupport						
IGMP query solicitation						
IGMP snooping (IGMPv1, v2 and v3)						
IGMP snooping fast-leave						
IGMP/MLD n	nulticast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy)					
MLD snoopir	ng (MLDv1 and v2)					
RFC 2236	Internet Group Management Protocol v2					
	(IGMPv2)					
RFC 2710	Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6					
RFC 2715	Interoperability rules for multicast routing					
	protocols					
RFC 3306	Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses					
RFC 3376	IGMPv3					
RFC 3590	Source Address Selection for the Multicast					
	Listener Discovery (MLD) Protocol					
RFC 3810	Multicast Listener Discovery v2 (MLDv2) for					
	IPv6					
RFC 4541	IGMP and MLD snooping switches					
RFC 4604	Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source-specific					
	multicast					
Quality	of Service (QoS)					
	Priority tagging					
RFC 2211	Specification of the controlled-load network					
111 0 22 11	element service					
RFC 2474	DiffServ precedence for eight queues/port					
RFC 2474	DiffServ architecture					
111 0 241 3						

DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF)

A single-rate three-color marker

DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF)

RFC 2698 A two-rate three-color marker

#### **Resiliency Features**

IEC 62439-2 Media Redundancy Protocol (MRP) IEEE 802.3ad Static and dynamic link aggregation EEE 802.1ag CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) IEEE 802.1AX Link aggregation (static and LACP) IEEE 802.1D MAC bridges IEEE 802.1b MAC bridges IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) ITU-T G.8032 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS)

#### Security Features

Security reatures				
SSH remote login				
SSLv2 and SSLv3				
TACACS+ Ac	counting, Authentication, Authorization (AAA)			
IEEE 802.1X	Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5)			
IEEE 802.1X	Multi-supplicant authentication			
IEEE 802.1X				
RFC 2818	HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS")			
RFC 2865	RADIUS authentication			
RFC 2866	RADIUS accounting			
RFC 2868	RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support			
RFC 2986	PKCS #10: certification request syntax			
	specification v1.7			
RFC 3579	RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)			
RFC 3580	IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines			
RFC 3748	Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)			
RFC 4251	Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture			
RFC 4252	Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol			
RFC 4253	Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol			
RFC 4254	Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protocol			
RFC 5176	RADIUS CoA (Change of Authorization)			
RFC 5246	Transport Layer Security (TLS) v1.2			
RFC 5280	X.509 certificate and Certificate Revocation			
	List (CRL) profile			
RFC 5425	Transport Layer Security (TLS) transport			
	mapping for Syslog			
RFC 5656	Elliptic curve algorithm integration for SSH			
RFC 6125	Domain-based application service identity			
	within PKI using X.509 certificates with TLS			
RFC 6614	Transport Layer Security (TLS) encryption for RADIUS			
RFC 6668	SHA-2 data integrity verification for SSH			
Services				
RFC 854	Telnet protocol specification			
RFC 855	Telnet option specifications			
RFC 857	Telnet echo option			
RFC 858	Telnet suppress go ahead option			
RFC 1091	Telnet terminal-type option			
RFC 1350	The TFTP protocol (revision 2)			
RFC 1985	SMTP service extension			
RFC 2049 BEC 2131	MIME DHCPv4 (client)			

RFC 2049	MIME
RFC 2131	DHCPv4 (client)
RFC 2132	DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions
RFC 2616	Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1
RFC 2821	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)
RFC 2822	Internet message format
RFC 3046	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP
	option 82)
RFC 3315	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6
	(DHCPv6)
RFC 3396	Encoding Long Options in the Dynamic Host
	Configuration Protocol (DHCPv4)
RFC 4330	Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4
RFC 4954	SMTP Service Extension for Authentication
RFC 5905	Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4

#### VLAN Support

IEEE 802.1ad Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q) IEEE 802.1Q Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges IEEE 802.1V VLAN classification by protocol and port

IEEE 802.3acVLAN tagging

## IE220 Series | Industrial Ethernet Layer 2+ Switches

#### **Premium Licenses**

From AW+ 5.5.4-0 onward, the equipment provides all baseline capabilities, except those features enabled by the Premium License.

NAME	DESCRIPTION	INCLUDES
AT-IE220-FL01	IE220 Series Premium license	<ul> <li>10G uplink ports</li> <li>Hi-PoE sourcing</li> <li>PoE++ sourcing</li> </ul>

#### **Ordering Information**

Switches

The DIN rail and wall mount kits are included. The management serial console cable is NOT included.

AT-IE220-6GHX-xx 4x 10/100/1000T, 2x 1G/10G SFP+, Industrial Ethernet, Layer 2+ Switch PoE++ Support

AT-IE220-10GHX-xx 8x 10/100/1000T, 2x 1G/10G SFP+ Industrial Ethernet, Layer 2+ Switch PoE++ Support

Where xx = 80 standard Country of Origin 980 TAA compliant Country of Origin

#### **Power Supply**

AT-DRB50-48-1 50W @48Vdc, Industrial AC/DC power supply DIN rail mount

AT-IE048-120-20 120W @48Vdc, Industrial AC/DC power supply DIN rail mount (5 years warranty)

AT-IE048-240-20 240W @48Vdc, Industrial AC/DC power supply DIN rail mount (5 years warranty)

AT-IE048-480-20 480W @48Vdc, Industrial AC/DC power supply DIN rail mount (5 years warranty)

AT-SDR120-48 120W @48Vdc, Industrial AC/DC power supply DIN rail mount

AT-SDR240-48 240W @48Vdc, Industrial AC/DC power supply DIN rail mount

AT-SDR480-48 480W @48Vdc, Industrial AC/DC power supply DIN rail mount

**Supported SFP Modules** Refer to the installation guide for the recommended Max. Operating Temperature according to the selected SFP module.

10Gbps SFP Modules

AT-SP10BD10/I-12 10 km, 10G BiDi SFP, LC, SMF, I-Temp (1270 Tx/1330 Rx)

AT-SP10BD10/I-13 10 km, 10G BiDi SFP, LC, SMF, I-Temp (1330 Tx/1270 Rx) AT-SP10BD20-12 20 km, 10G SFP, LC, SMF, TAA (1270 Tx/1330 Rx)

AT-SP10BD20-13 20 km, 10G SFP, LC, SMF, TAA (1330 Tx/1270 Rx)

AT-SP10BD40/I-12 40 km, 10G SFP, LC, SMF, I-Temp, TAA (1270 Tx/1330 Rx)

AT-SP10BD40/I-13 40 km, 10G SFP, LC, SMF, I-Temp, TAA (1330 Tx/1270 Rx)

AT-SP10BD80/I-14 80 km, 10G SFP, LC, SMF, I-Temp, TAA (1490 Tx/1550 Rx)

AT-SP10BD80/I-15 80 km, 10G SFP, LC, SMF, I-Temp, TAA (1550 Tx/1490 Rx)

AT-SP10ER40a/I 40 km, 10G SFP, LC, SMF,1550 nm, I-Temp, TAA

AT-SP10LRa/I 10 km, 10G SFP, LC, SMF,1310 nm, I-Temp, TAA

AT-SP10SR 300 m, 10G SFP, LC, MMF,850 nm, TAA

AT-SP10SR/I-90 300 m, 10G SFP, LC, MMF,850 nm, I-Temp, TAA

AT-SP10TM 20 m, 1/10G SFP, RJ-45, I-Temp, TAA

AT-SP10ZR80/I 80 km, 10G SFP, LC, SMF,1550 nm, I-Temp

#### 1000Mbps SFP Modules

AT-SPBD10-13 10 km, 1G BiDi SFP, LC, SMF, (1310 Tx/1490 Rx)

AT-SPBD10-14 10 km, 1G BiDi SFP, LC, SMF, (1490 Tx/1310 Rx)

AT-SPBD20-13/I 20 km, 1G BiDi SFP, SC, SMF, I-Temp, (1310 Tx/1490 Rx)

AT-SPBD20-14/I 20 km, 1G BiDi SFP, SC, SMF, I-Temp, (1490 Tx/1310 Rx) AT-SPBD20LC/I-13 20 km, 1G BiDi SFP, LC, SMF, I-Temp, TAA, (1310 Tx/1490 Rx)

AT-SPBD20LC/I-14 20 km, 1G BiDi SFP, LC, SMF, I-Temp, TAA, (1490 Tx/1310 Rx)

AT-SPBD40-13/I 40 km, 1G BiDi SFP, LC, SMF, I-Temp, (1310 Tx/1490 Rx)

AT-SPBD40-14/I 40 km, 1G BiDi SFP, LC, SMF, I-Temp, (1490 Tx/ 1310 Rx)

AT-SPEX/E-90 2 km, 1000EX SFP, LC, MMF, 1310 nm, Ext. Temp, TAA

AT-SPLX10a 10 km, 1000LX SFP, LC, SMF, 1310 nm, TAA

AT-SPLX10/I 10 km, 1000LX SFP, LC, SMF, 1310 nm, I-Temp

AT-SPLX10/E-90 10 km, 1000LX SFP, LC, SMF, 1310 nm, Ext. Temp, TAA

AT-SPLX40 40 km, 1000LX SFP, LC, SMF, 1310 nm

AT-SPLX40/E-90 40 km, 1000LX SFP, LC, SMF, 1310 nm, Ext. Temp, TAA

AT-SPSX-90 550 m, 1000SX SFP, LC, MMF, 850 nm, TAA

AT-SPSX/I-90 550 m, 1000SX SFP, LC, MMF, 850 nm, I-Temp, TAA

AT-SPSX/E-90 550 m, 1000SX SFP, LC, MMF, 850 nm, Ext. Temp, TAA

AT-SPTX-90 100 m, 10/100/1000T SFP, RJ-45, TAA

AT-SPTX/I 100 m, 10/100/1000T SFP, RJ-45, I-Temp

AT-SPZX120/I 120 km, 1000LX SFP, LC, SMF, 1550 nm, I-Temp, TAA

#### **Passive Interconnection Cables**

AT-SP10TW1 Twinax direct attach cable (1 meter)

AT-SP10TW3 Twinax direct attach cable (3 meter)

AT-SP10TW7 Twinax direct attach cable (7 meter)

Accessories

AT-VT-Kit3 Management cable (USB to serial console)